

Technical Data Sheet

EtroX[®] I CM UHT natural

Typical characteristics

- Excellent thermo-oxidative stability (use up to 300°C)
- high dimensional stability under heat
- Extremely high heat resistance
- Very low creep tendency
- Nearly no moisture absorption

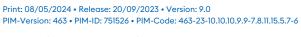
Typical industries

- Semiconductor Industry
- Electronics
- Semiconductor Back-End applications
- Semiconductor Wafer Handling
- Semiconductor High and low temperature
- Semiconductor Dicing

Test method	Unit	Guideline value
DIN EN ISO 1183-1	g/cm ³	1,43
DIN EN ISO 62 (23°C / 24h)	%	0,06
DIN EN ISO 62 (23°C / 48h)	%	0,1
DIN EN ISO 62 (23°C / 3 Weeks)	%	0,4
DIN EN ISO 527	%	4
DIN EN ISO 527	MPa	4800
DIN EN ISO 527	MPa	142
DIN EN ISO 179	kJ/m ²	40
DIN EN ISO 179	kJ/m ²	3
DIN EN ISO 868	scale D	90
DIN EN ISO 604	MPa	4000
ISO 11357-3	°C	270
ISO 75-1/-2	°C	265
ISO 75-1/-2	°C	304
	DIN EN ISO 1183-1 DIN EN ISO 62 (23°C / 24h) DIN EN ISO 62 (23°C / 48h) DIN EN ISO 62 (23°C / 3 Weeks) DIN EN ISO 527 DIN EN ISO 527 DIN EN ISO 527 DIN EN ISO 179 DIN EN ISO 179 DIN EN ISO 179 DIN EN ISO 868 DIN EN ISO 604 ISO 11357-3 ISO 75-1/-2	DIN EN ISO 1183-1 DIN EN ISO 62 (23°C / 24h) DIN EN ISO 62 (23°C / 48h) MEDIN EN ISO 62 (23°C / 3 Weeks) DIN EN ISO 62 (23°C / 3 Weeks) MPa DIN EN ISO 527 DIN EN ISO 527 DIN EN ISO 527 DIN EN ISO 527 DIN EN ISO 179 DIN EN ISO 179 DIN EN ISO 179 DIN EN ISO 179 DIN EN ISO 868 DIN EN ISO 868 DIN EN ISO 604 MPa ISO 11357-3 °C °C

Röchling Industrial Lahnstein SE & Co. KG

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	Test method	Unit	Guideline value
Volume resistivity	DIN EN 62631-3-1	Ohm * cm	>10 ¹¹
Dielectric constant (1 MHz)	DIN EN IEC 62631-2-1		3,3

The short-term maximum application temperature only applies to very low mechanical stress for a few hours. The long-term maximum application temperature is based on the thermal ageing of plastics by oxidation, resulting in a decrease of the mechanical properties. This applies to an exposure to temperatures for at least 5.000 hours causing a 50% loss of the tensile strength from the original value (measured at room temperature). This value says nothing about the mechanical strength of the material at high application temperatures. In case of thick-walled parts, only the surface layer is affected by oxidation from high temperatures. With the addition of antioxidants, a better protection of the surface layer is achieved. In any case, the center area of the material remains unaffected. The minimum application temperature is basically influenced by possible stress factors like impact and/or shock under application. The values stated refer to an minimum degree of impact stress. The electrical properties as stated result from measurements on natural, dry material. With other colours (in particular black) or saturated material, there may be clear differences in the electrical properties. The data stated above are average values ascertained by statistical tests on a regular basis. They are in accordance with DIN EN 15860. They serve as information about our products and are presented as a guide to choose from our range of materials. This, however, does not include an assurance of specific properties or the suitability for particular application purposes that are legally binding. Since the properties also depend on the dimension of the semi-finished products and the degree of crystallization (e.g. nucleating by pigments), the actual values of the properties of a particular product may differ from the indicated values.



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